

Recordkeeping Reminders

Your responsibilities in the NSW Public Sector

You and your organisation need reliable information and records to operate effectively. Most organisations have business and recordkeeping systems which automatically create, capture and store records as part of standard business processes. However, there are situations where this does not automatically occur.

This leaflet outlines some common situations where NSW public officials should make and save records into the agency's recordkeeping system.





Common situations



Emails & correspondences

Manage emails and correspondence you send and receive according to your organisation's policies and procedures. Save emails and correspondences relating to business matters within your organisation's recordkeeping or business system.



Social media

Social media posts relating to government business, including reactions to posts, comments, tweets, etc. are State records. To assess whether you need to save these records into recordkeeping systems, consider:

- ★ Do people rely on advice or information you post to social media to inform their actions or decisions?
- ★ Does your post communicate decisions & commit the organisation to an action?
- **★** Does your post seek feedback regarding agency-wide issues on governance, policies and procedures?
- ★ Will you need to prove what you posted?



Text messages

Text messages sent and received in the course of official business are State records. WhatsApp, Viber, WeChat and various apps may have some functionality to download messages which allows you to save them into your organisation's recordkeeping system.

Alternatively, take a screen shot of the text message from your mobile device and send it to your work email address to save into your organisation's recordkeeping system.



Collaboration platforms

Your organisation may be using collaborative platforms or digital work spaces to communicate, develop joint policies and guidance, and for a range of other processes.

Make sure that the recordkeeping responsibilities of these activities are identified and adhered to. Save key drafts, finalised documents and communications into your organisation's business or recordkeeping system.



Mobile devices

Transfer, copy and/or sync records and information saved in corporate mobile devices into your organisation's systems and/or repositories to ensure currency of records stored.



Meetings

Make sure someone has been delegated to make a record of the meeting. Document the time, date & place of meeting, agenda, decisions, advice or information provided or communicated, supporting documentation and actions to be taken. Record any dissent or issues raised by participants. Circulate and confirm the accuracy of the minutes of the meeting.



Discussion & decisions

Make a record of business you conduct or decisions that you make via phone, WhatsApp, SMS or face to face. This can include:

- **★** providing advice, instructions or recommendations
- ★ giving permissions and consent, and
- * making decisions, commitments or agreements, including reasons for decisions or recommendations.



Project records

Ensure that records relating to projects that you have been assigned to or tasked with, are created and saved into your organisation's recordkeeping or business systems. This will ensure that project information and its delivery are available to others in the organisation.



Working naners

Working papers are those papers and notes which are used to prepare or complete other records. Save working papers that document significant decisions, discussions, reasons and actions or contain significant information that is not contained in the final version of the record.



Drafts

Save drafts submitted for comment or approval by others and drafts containing significant or substantial changes or annotations. Save drafts relating to the development of policy and procedures, legislation, legislative proposals and amendments.



Things to consider



Understand the rules

Understand your organisation's rules around records and information, such as:

- * when you need to make records
- * how you should title / label them
- * where they should be managed
- * who should have access to them
- * when should they be shared
- * whether the information is confidential or sensitive and who they can be shared with and,
- * whether they can be publicly available



By using your organisation's business systems and repositories to save your records and information, you can ensure that the information you rely on is also available to others. Holding information in appropriate business systems allows it to be properly managed, protected and made accessible. Use of standardised organisational processes and templates makes it simpler to document actions, decisions, approvals and outcomes.

CONTACTUS



Visit our website for additional advice and resources





Our Future Proof blog has more information on digital recordkeeping



For more advice get in touch via email E: govrec@records.nsw.gov.au







Keep your finger on the pulse, follow us on social media

WWW.RECORDS.NSW.GOV.AU

